

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: GHS: The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

BOSTIK TRIPLE 5 BSR Natural

Revision Number 1.03

Revision date 16-Mar-2022 Supersedes Date: 19-Sep-2021

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name

BOSTIK TRIPLE 5 BSR Natural

Poison Centre : 0800 764 766

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Contact adhesives

Consumer use

Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bostik New Zealand Limited 19 Eastern Hutt Road Wingate, Lower Hutt, New Zealand Tel: 04-567 5119 Fax: 04-567 5412	Manufacturer Bostik New Zealand Limited 19 Eastern Hutt Road Wingate, Lower Hutt, New Zealand Tel: 04-567 5119 Fax: 04-567 5412	
E-mail address	SDS.AP@Bostik.com	
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency Telephone	24 Hr: 0800 243 622 International +64 4 917 9888	

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 2 (HSNO - 3.1B)
Aspiration hazard	Category 1 (HSNO - 6.1E)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2 (HSNO - 6.3A)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2 (HSNO - 6.4A)
Skin sensitization	Category 1 (HSNO - 6.5B)
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2 (HSNO - 6.8B)
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3 (HSNO - 6.9B)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2 (HSNO - 6.9B)
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1 (HSNO - 9.1A)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1 (HSNO - 9.1A)



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Hazard statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Avoid release to the environment

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

Use non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Keep cool

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Spill

Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other hazards which do not result in classification

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Acetone	67-64-1	20- <40
Heptane	142-82-5	20- <40
Toluene	108-88-3	10 - <20

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Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	5 - <10
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	1 - <5
Octane	111-65-9	1 - <3
Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physician.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
Self-protection of the first aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.	
Most important symptoms and eff	ects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	Itching. Rashes. Hives. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	May cause sensitization in susceptible persons. Treat symptomatically. Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.	

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.	
Large Fire	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams. Page 3 / 13	

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Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Product is or contains a sensitizer. May cause sensitization by skin contact.		
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrocarbons. Hydrogen chloride.		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters			
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.		

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.	
Other information	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.	
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.	
Methods and material for containm	ent and cleaning up	
Methods for containment	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.	
Methods for cleaning up	Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.	
Precautions to prevent secondary I	nazards	

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take

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	off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.		
General hygiene considerations	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.		
Conditions for safe storage, inclu	ding any incompatibilities		
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials. Protect from moisture.		
Recommended storage temperature	Keep at temperatures between $$ 41 and 77 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ / 5 and 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$		
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.		

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV	United Kingdom	Australia
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm
67-64-1	TWA: 1185 mg/m ³	TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³	TWA: 1185 mg/m ³
	STEL: 1000 ppm		STEL: 1500 ppm	STEL: 1000 ppm
	STEL: 2375 mg/m ³		STEL: 3620 mg/m ³	STEL: 2375 mg/m ³
Heptane	TWA: 400 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm
142-82-5	TWA: 1640 mg/m ³	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 2085 mg/m ³	TWA: 1640 mg/m ³
	STEL: 500 ppm		STEL: 1500 ppm	STEL: 500 ppm
	STEL: 2050 mg/m ³		STEL: 6255 mg/m ³	STEL: 2050 mg/m ³
Toluene	TWA: 50 ppm	Ototoxicant - potential to	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm
108-88-3	TWA: 188 mg/m ³	cause hearing disorders	TWA: 191 mg/m ³	TWA: 191 mg/m ³
	Skin	TWA: 20 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm
			STEL: 384 mg/m ³	STEL: 574 mg/m ³
			Sk*	
Cyclohexane	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
110-82-7	TWA: 350 mg/m ³		TWA: 350 mg/m ³	TWA: 350 mg/m ³
	STEL: 300 ppm		STEL: 300 ppm	STEL: 300 ppm
	STEL: 1050 mg/m ³		STEL: 1050 mg/m ³	STEL: 1050 mg/m ³
Octane	TWA: 300 ppm	TWA: 300 ppm	-	TWA: 300 ppm
111-65-9	TWA: 1400 mg/m ³			TWA: 1400 mg/m ³
	STEL: 375 ppm			STEL: 375 ppm
	STEL: 1750 mg/m ³			STEL: 1750 mg/m ³

Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	New Zealand	ACGIH
Acetone 67-64-1	50 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift	25 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift
Toluene 108-88-3	0.03 mg/L - urine (Toluene) - end of exposure or end of shift	0.02 mg/L - blood (Toluene) - prior to last shift of workweek
	0.3 mg/g creatinine - urine (O-Cresol) - end of	0.03 mg/L - urine (Toluene) - end of shift
	exposure or end of shift	0.3 mg/g creatinine - urine (o-Cresol with

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hydrolysis) - end of shift

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls	Showers Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.	
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment		
Eye/face protection	Tight sealing safety goggles.	
Hand protection	Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.	
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots.	
Respiratory protection	No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.	
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.	

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and Physical state Appearance Color	<u>chemical properties</u> Liquid Paste Liquid Light yellow or brown	
Odor	Aromatic. Solvent.	
Odor threshold	No information available	
Property	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	No data available	Not applicable Insoluble in water
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Initial boiling point and boiling	50 °C	
range		
Flash point	-22 °C	
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	9.7	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	1.5	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Relative vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	No data available	None known
Water solubility	No data available partially soluble	
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature		None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known
Explosive properties	No information available.	
Oxidizing properties	No information available.	
Other information		
Softening Point	No information available	
Molecular weight	No information available	
VOC Content (%)	65.09745	
Density	0.84	
Bulk density	No information available	
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Particle characteristics

Section 10: Stability and rea	ctivity
Reactivity	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data	
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Protect from moisture.
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition product	<u>s</u>
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.
Section 11: Toxicological inf	formation
Acute toxicity	
Information on likely routes of exp	osure
Product Information	
Inhalation	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eye contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.
Skin contact	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. (based on components). Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms	Itching. Rashes. Hives. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Redness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

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vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 315.50 mg/l

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetone	=5800 mg/kg (Rattus) 3000 mg/Kg (mouse)	>15800 mg/Kg (Rattus)	=79 mg/l(Rattus) 4 h
Heptane	LD50 > 5000 mg/Kg (rattus)	= 3000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	=103 g/m ³ (Rattus) 4 h
Toluene	=5580 mg/kg (Rattus)	= 12000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	>20 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h
Cyclohexane	=12705 mg/kg (Rattus)	> 2000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	>9500 ppm (Rattus) 4 h
Octane	>5000 mg/Kg (Rattus)	-	=118 g/m ³ (Rattus) 4 h = 25260 ppm (Rattus) 4 h > 23.36 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation

Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes skin irritation. May cause skin irritation.

Toluene (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Regulation (EC) No.	Rabbit	Dermal			Irritant
440/2008, Annex, B.4					

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Acetone (67-64-1) Toluene (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results	
Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008,	Guinea pig		No sensitization responses	
Annex, B.6 (Maximization test)			were observed	

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Heptane (142-82-5)

Method	Species	Results
OECD Test No. 473: In vitro Mammalian	Rat, in vitro	Not mutagenic
Chromosome Aberration Test		-
OECD Test No. 471: Bacterial Reverse		Not mutagenic in AMES Test
Mutation Test		-

Toluene (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Results
Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.13/14	Salmonella typhimurium	Not mutagenic
(Ames test)		-
OECD Test No. 476: In vitro Mammalian Cell	Mouse	Not mutagenic
Gene Mutation Test		-

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.				
Chemical name New Zealand IARC				
Toluene - 108-88-3 - Group 3				

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity

Taluana (100.00.2)

Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin. Classification based on data available for ingredients. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Toluene (108-88-3)		
Method	Species	Results
OECD 407	in vivo	Reproductive toxicant
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizzines based on data available for ingredi	s. May cause respiratory irritation. Classification ents.
Respiratory irritation	No information available.	
Narcotic effects	Narcotic effects.	
STOT - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs thro	ugh prolonged or repeated exposure.

Toluene (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Regulation (EC) No.	Rat, male, female	Oral		91 days	NOAEL: 625 mg/kg
440/2008, Annex, B.26					
OECD Test No. 453:	Rat, male, female	Inhalation, vapor			NOAEL: 1.131 mg/l
Combined Chronic					
Toxicity/Carcinogenicity					
Studies					

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Unknown aquatic toxicity

0 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Acetone	-	LC50 96 h 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50 48 h 10294 - 17704 mg/L (Daphnia magna Static)
Heptane	-	LC50: =375.0mg/L (96h, Cichlid)	EC50: >10mg/L (24h, Daphnia magna)
Toluene	EC50 72 h = 12.5 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss flow-through) LC50 96 h = 5.8 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss semi-static)	EC50: =11.5mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: 5.46 - 9.83mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Cyclohexane	EC50 72 h > 9.3 mg/L	LC50: 23.03 - 42.07mg/L (96h,	EC50: >0.9 mg/L (24h, Daphnia

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	(Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	Pimephales promelas) LC50: 48.87 - 68.76mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata) LC50: 3.96 - 5.18mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 24.99 - 44.69mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	magna)
Octane	-	-	EC50: =0.38mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Terrestrial ecotoxicty

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Acetone	Acute Toxicity: LC50 200 -	Dietary Toxicity: LC50 >	-
	1000 µg/cm2 (Eisenia	40000 ppm (Phasianus	
	foetida, 48 h filter paper)	colchicus, 5 Days)	
		Dietary Toxicity: LC50 >	
		40000 ppm (Coturnix coturnix	
		japonica, 5 Days)	

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
OECD Test No. 301B: Ready	28 days	biodegradation	91 % Readily biodegradable
Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution			
Test (TG 301 B)			

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Acetone	-0.24
Heptane	4.66
Toluene	3.93
Cyclohexane	3.93
Octane	5.18

Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues/unused	Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation
products	30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the
	substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the
	substance from New Zealand as waste. Flammable substances - may not be disposed of
	into or onto a landfill or sewage facility.
	They may only be burnt in certain situations.

Flammable gases, liquids and solids may only be discharged into the environment or

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landfill as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with any explosives, oxidising gases, liquids or solids or organic peroxides; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation. Substances which are hazardous to human health or corrosive to metals - may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is no tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances. Environmentally hazardous substances - if the substance, or if it contains a component that is hazardous to the aquatic environment or bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable, then any component that is bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable must be removed. The product may only be discharged into the environment if an environmental exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of the substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the environmental exposure limit.

Contaminated packagingFor packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if: - the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance; - or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Section 14: Transport information

IATA UN number or ID number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Special Provisions Description	UN1133 Adhesives 3 II A3 UN1133, Adhesives, 3, II
IMDG UN number or ID number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group EmS-No Marine pollutant Description	UN1133 Adhesives 3 II F-E, S-D P UN1133, Adhesives (Heptane), 3, II, (-22°C c.c.), Marine Pollutant

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

<u>ADR</u>

UN number or ID number	UN1133
Proper Shipping Name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Labels	3
Packing group	II
Description	UN1133, Adhesives, 3, II, (D/E), Environmentally Hazardous
Environmental hazards	Yes
Limited quantity (LQ)	5 L
Special Provisions	640C

Classification codeF1Tunnel restriction code(D/

F1 (D/E)

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand

ERMA Group

HSR002662

Chemical name	New Zealand HSNO Chemical Classification
Acetone - 67-64-1	- 3.1B,6.1E (All),6.1E (O),6.3B,6.4A (HSR001070)
	>60% in a non hazardous diluent - 3.1B,6.1E (All),6.1E (O),6.3B,6.4A (HSR006434)
	>10-60% in a non hazardous diluent - 3.1B,6.3B,6.4A (HSR006435)
Heptane - 142-82-5	- 3.1B,6.1E (All),6.1E (O),6.3B,9.1B (All),9.1B (C) (HSR001164)
Toluene - 108-88-3	- 3.1B,6.1D (All),6.1D (O),6.1D (I),6.3A,6.4A,6.8B,6.9B (All),6.9B (I),9.1D (All),9.1D (F),9.1D (C),9.1D (A),9.3C (HSR001227)
Cyclohexane - 110-82-7	- 3.1B,6.1D (All),6.1D (O),6.1D (I),6.3B,9.1B (All),9.1B (F),9.1B (C),9.3C (HSR001111)
Methylcyclopentane - 96-37-7	- 3.1B,6.1E (All),6.1E (O) (HSR006772)
Octane - 111-65-9	- 3.1B,6.1E (All),6.1E (O),6.3B,6.4A,9.1A (All),9.1A (F),9.1A (C) (HSR001415)

National regulations

Any applicable tolerable exposure limits and environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances are listed below

Chemical name	Tolerable Exposure Limit	Tolerable Exposure Limit	Tolerable Exposure Limit	Environmental Exposure
	(TEL) Air	(TEL) Water	(TEL) Surface	Limits (EEL)
Toluene 108-88-3	400 µg/m³	0.8 mg/L	-	330 µg/L (Water)

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate

toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard

BOSTIK TRIPLE 5 BSR Natural Revision Number 1.03

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Revision date	16-Mar-2022			
Revision Note				
***Indicates upda	ted data since last publication.			
Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet				
Legend Section 8	B: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL	PROTECTION		
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)	
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation	
C	Carcinogen			
Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS				
EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)				
International Unif	International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)			

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet