

Ardex (Ardex NZ) Chemwatch: 52-9739 Version No: 2.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: **17/08/2015** Print Date: **18/08/2015** Initial Date: **Not Available** S.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	ARDEX EG 15 Part A
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	The use of a quantity of material in an unventilated or confined space may result in increased exposure and an irritating atmosphere developing. Before starting consider control of exposure by mechanical ventilation. Material is mixed and used in accordance with manufacturers directions Material is mixed and used in accordance with manufacturers directions Material is mixed and used in accordance with manufacturers directions Material is mixed and used in accordance with manufacturers directions Material is mixed and used in accordance with manufacturers directions Material is mixed and used in accordance with manufacturers directions Material is mixed and used in accordance with manufacturers directions Material is mixed and used in accordance with manufacturers directions Applied using a hand trowel or spreader Part A of a three component system. When mixed with Part B (hardener) and Part C (filler) of the ABApoxy System, it provides a system suitable for the fixing, grouting and floor tiles.
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Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	Ardex (Ardex NZ)	Ardex (Ardex Australia)
Address	32 Lane Street Woolston Christchurch New Zealand	20 Powers Road Seven Hills 2147 NSW Australia
Telephone	+64 3384 3029	1800 224 070
Fax	+64 3384 9779	+61 2 9838 7817
Website	Not Available	Not Available
Email	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	+64 3373 6900	1800 224 070 (Mon-Fri, 9am-5pm)
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	Not Available

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport purposes.

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max	
Flammability	1 📃		
Toxicity	0		0 = Minimum
Body Contact	2		1 = Low
Reactivity	2		3 = High
Chronic	2		4 = Extreme

GHS Classification ^[1]

Legend:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2A, Skin Sensitizer Category 1, Carcinogen Category 2, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 2, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 2

1. Classified by Chernwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI

Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria 6.3A, 6.4A, 6.5B (contact), 6.7B, 9.1B, 9.1D

Label elements



WARNING

Hazard statement(s)

H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

SIGNAL WORD

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.	

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.	
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405

P501

Store locked up.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
25068-38-6	>60	bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid
26761-45-5	10-30	glycidyl neodecanoate
Not Available	10-30	non hazardous ingredients

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media		
	 Foam. Dry chemical powder. BCF (where regulations permit). Carbon dioxide. 	
Special hazards arising fro	om the substrate or mixture	
Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result	
Advice for firefighters		
Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. 	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). 	

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	 Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
Major Spills	 Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Moderate hazard. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Contains low boiling substance: Storage in sealed containers may result in pressure buildup causing violent rupture of containers not rated appropriately. Check for bulging containers. Vent periodically Always release caps or seals slowly to ensure slow dissipation of vapours DONOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	 Avoid strong acids, bases. Avoid cross contamination between the two liquid parts of product (kit). If two part products are mixed or allowed to mix in proportions other than manufacturer's recommendation, polymerisation with gelation and evolution of heat (exotherm) may occur. This excess heat may generate toxic vapour Avoid reaction with amines, mercaptans, strong acids and oxidising agents

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name TEEL-1			TEEL-2	TEEL-3
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	Epoxy resin (EPON 1001)	90 mg/m3		990 mg/m3	5900 mg/m3
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	Epoxy resin (EPON 1007)	90 mg/m3		990 mg/m3	5900 mg/m3
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	Epoxy resin (EPON 820)	41 mg/m3		450 mg/m3	2700 mg/m3
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	Epoxy resin ERL-2795	32 mg/m3		350 mg/m3	2100 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised I	DLH	
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	Not Available		Not Availal	ble	
glycidyl neodecanoate	Not Available		Not Available		
non hazardous ingredients	Not Available		Not Availa	ble	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Overalls. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the **computer**generated selection:

CPI

ARDEX EG 15 Part A Not Available

Material

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS P2	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1 P2	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2 P2	A-PAPR-2 P2 ^

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

 Appearance
 Clear, colourless to pale yellow liquid with a very mild odour; emulsifiable in water.

 Physical state
 Liquid
 Relative density (Water = 1)
 1.06 @ 23 C

Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	>100	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Emulsifiable	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	There is some evidence to suggest that the material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage. The use of a quantity of material in an unventilated or confined space may result in increased exposure and an irritating atmosphere developing. Before starting consider control of exposure by mechanical ventilation.		
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.		
Skin Contact	This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.		
Eye	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.		
Chronic	There has been concern that this material can cause cancer or mutations, but there is not enough data to make an assessment. Skin contact with the material is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons compared to the general population. Glycidyl ethers can cause genetic damage and cancer.		
	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ	IRRITATION	
ARDEX EG 15 Part A	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >6000 mg/kg** ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 100mg - Mild	
resin, inquia	Oral (rat) LD50: >2400 mg/kg*d ^[2]		
	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ	IRRITATION	
	dermal (rat) LD50: 3800 mg/kg] ^[2]	[SHELL]	
glycidyl neodecanoate	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >0.24 mg/L4 h ^[1]		
	Oral (rat) LD50: >10000 mg/kgd ^[2]		
Legend:	 Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2 extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances 	* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data	

ARDEX	EG	15	Part	Α

BISPHENOL A/ DIGLYCIDYL ETHER RESIN, LIQUID	Foetoxicity has been observed in animal studies Oral (rabbit, female) NOEL 180 mg/kg (teratogenicity; NOEL (maternal 60 mg/kg		
GLYCIDYL NEODECANOATE	The material has a low order of acute toxicity by the oral, dermal, and inhalation routes of exposure. It is mildly irritating to the eyes and non-irritating to the skin. Dermal sensitisation has been observed in guinea pigs and has been reported in humans following occupational exposure. In vitro genotoxicity testing indicated weak mutagenic activity in point mutation assays with metabolic activation using Salmonella, but not in E. coli or yeast. Acute Toxicity The material has a low order of acute toxicity by the oral, dermal, and inhalation routes of exposure. In rats, the oral LD50 was greater than 10 ml/kg (approximately 10 g/kg) and the dermal LD50 was greater than 4 ml/kg (approximately 4 g/kg). The rat 4-hour inhalation LC50 was greater than 0.24 mg/L (approximately 240 mg/m3), a concentration exceeding the saturated vapor pressure, Due to the low vapor pressure resulting in a low level of maximal attainable vapor concentration, inhalation exposure is expected to pose a negligible hazard. Repeated Dose Toxicity A low order of toxicity was observed in rats following five-week dietary testing. Treatment-related effects were limited to the upper two dietary dose levels of 5,000 and 10,000 ppm (approximately 478 and 888 mg/kg/day body weight, respectively). Dose-related effects at these two dietary levels included: decreased food intake and body weights, minor changes in hematology and clinical chemistry, increased liver and kidney weights and nephrotoxicity to the proximatel 478 mg/kg/day body weight). The Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level (LOAEL) was 5,000 ppm in the diet (approximately 478 mg/kg/day body weight). * HPV Chemical Challenge Program 2003		
BISPHENOL A/ DIGLYCIDYL ETHER RESIN, LIQUID & GLYCIDYL NEODECANOATE	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody- mediated immune reactions.		
	0	Carcinogenicity	<i>y</i>
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	 ✓ 	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	√	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	✓ s	TOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0
		Legend: ¥	 Data required to make classification available Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	HIGH	HIGH
glycidyl neodecanoate	HIGH	HIGH

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	LOW (LogKOW = 2.6835)
glycidyl neodecanoate	LOW (LogKOW = 3.7305)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	LOW (KOC = 51.43)
glycidyl neodecanoate	LOW (KOC = 105.5)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	 Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty. Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible. Otherwise: If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill. Where possible retain label warnings and MSDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.
	Ensure that the disposal of material is carried out in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required	
	HELLINGUE COCOS 9
Marine Pollutant	
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable
Land transport (UN)	
UN number	3082
Packing group	II
UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable
Environmental hazard	No relevant data
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 9 Subrisk Not Applicable

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Special provisions

Limited quantity

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	glycidyl neodecanoate	Y

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Special precautions for user

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002531	Cleaning Products (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002596	Laboratory Chemicals and Reagent Kits Group Standard 2006
HSR002607	Lubricants (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002586	Fuel Additives (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002520	Aerosols (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002521	Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2006
HSR002646	Polymers (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002647	Reagent Kits Group Standard 2006
HSR002616	Metal Industry Products (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002625	N.O.S. (Toxic [6.1, 6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002639	Photographic Chemicals (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002512	Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002560	Dental Products (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002568	Embalming Products (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002679	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR100425	Pharmaceutical Active Ingredients Group Standard 2010
HSR002601	Leather and Textile Products (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002687	Water Treatment Chemicals (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002648	Refining Catalysts Group Standard 2006
HSR002551	Corrosion Inhibitors (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
HSR002552	Cosmetic Products Group Standard 2006

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HSR100757	Veterinary Medicine (Limited Pack Size, Finished Dose) Standard 2012
HSR100758	Veterinary Medicines (Non-dispersive Closed System Application) Group Standard 2012
HSR100759	Veterinary Medicines (Non-dispersive Open System Application) Group Standard 2012
HSR002655	Solvents (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006
BISPHENOL A/ DIGLYCIDYL ETHER RESIN, LIQUID(25068-38-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS	

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

SLYCIDYL NEODECANOATE(26761-45-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS		
New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	
Chemicals		

Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations and Regulation 9 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 6, 8, and 9 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (glycidyl neodecanoate; bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid)
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory $N = Not$ determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

Name	CAS No
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether resin, liquid	25068-38-6, 25085-99-8
glycidyl neodecanoate	26761-45-5, 71206-09-2

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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